C®MPASS



PRESSURE ULCER INJURY Bundle

STANDARD WORK PRACTICES

Two-Person Skin Assessment

- Upon admission
- Departmental transfer

Braden Risk Assessment

- Upon admission
- Q shift (8/12)
- With condition change

Wound Identified

- Document findings
- Refer to: CWON/PCP Nutrition/PT/OT

Patient + Family **Engagement**

- Care planning
- Risk findings
- Teachback

BRADEN SUBSCALES

Low Risk (15 – 18)

Moderate Risk (13 – 14)

High Risk (<12)

Sensory **Perception**



- Offload heels and use protectors
- Small frequent position changes
- Limit chair to 1-2-hour intervals
- Turn/reposition q1-2 hours
- Use of pillow/wedges to reduce pressure areas
- Use of chair cushion
- Inspect under medical devices, e.g. TED hose, braces, etc.

Implement all low risk

- interventions Instruct/assist to shift weight in chair a 15-30 min.
- Pressure redistribution mattress
- Implement all low/mod risk interventions
- Refer to OT for positioning assistance, prn

Moisture



- Limit use of incontinence
- Apply moisture barrier following a incontinence episode
- Moisturize skin apply emollients BID/TID
- Minimize layers under patient to one sheet/linen
- Encourage patient movement/repositioning

- Implement all low risk interventions
- Turning schedule q 2 hours, increase turning schedule to 1 hour if noted erythema or decolorization
- Establish toileting schedule
- Utilize moisture barrier and zinc ointments
- Consider moisture wicking treatment/products
- WOC RN consult for Braden less than 12

- Implement all low/mod risk interventions
- Pressure redistribution pad while up to chair
- Low air loss mattress

Activity



- Small frequent position changes
- Establish turning schedule
- Low air loss mattress
- Use of chair cushion
- Initialize early mobilization
- Implement all low risk interventions
- Offload heels and use protectors
- Instruct/assist to shift weight in chair q15min.
- Use positioning system to lift or turn in bed
- Stand every hour
- PT consult

- Implement all low/mod risk interventions
- Pressure redistribution positioning devices

Mobility



- Utilize gait belt assistance
- Instruct/assist to shift weight in chair a 15min.
- Use of pillow/wedges to reduce pressure areas
- Use positioning system to lift or turn in bed
- Utilize prescribed assistive devices
- Inspect under medical devices, e.g. TED hose, braces, etc.

- Implement all low risk interventions
- Offload heels and use protectors
- Limit chair to 1-2-hour intervals
- Provide structured mobility plan
- PT consult

- Implement all low/mod risk interventions
- Pressure redistribution positioning devices

Nutrition



- Provide oral hygiene a
- Encourage fluid intake unless otherwise restricted
- Complete nutritional risk assessment
- Denture/edentulous eval for proper diet
- Implement all low risk interventions
- Reposition upright for meals
- If NPO for 24-48 hours, consider nutritional options
- Implement all low/mod risk interventions
- Evaluate swallowing for referral needs
- Consider enteral/parenteral nutrition based on individual wishes

Friction + Shear



- Minimize layers under patient to 1 sheet/linen
- Encourage activity as tolerated
- Offload/suspend heels
- Monitor all skin beneath any medical devices such as SCDs, TED hose, ET Tube, nasal cannula (behind ears), bi-pap mask, etc.
- Implement all low risk interventions
- Consider pressure reducing mattress
- Consider pressure redistribution pad while up in chair
- Limit time spent up in chair; maximum of ___ hour intervals
- Utilize transfer devices to minimize shearing
- HOB elevation degrees

- Implement all low/mod risk interventions
- Obtain low air loss mattress
 - Apply preventative/ prophylactic dressings to reduce friction and shear on bony prominences



Developed in partnership with Broadlawns Medical Center, Great River Medical Center, Mary Greeley Medical Center, and MercyOne Siouxland

Braden Citation: Bergstrom N, Braden BJ, Laguzza A, Holman V. The Braden Scale for Predicting Pressure Sore Risk. Nurs Res 1987; 36: 205-10.

The Compass Hospital Improvement Innovation Network (HIIN) is supported by contract number HHSM-500-2016-00070C from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. The contents of this publication are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the views of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services or any of its agencies.